

ABSTRACT

5 Milling procedure performed on the patient's bone or other tissue in
order to form in said tissue a cavity of a shape and size that allows it to house
an implant (or for other purposes where the tissue must regenerate) wherein
milling is performed at low speeds and without irrigation without the tissue
heating up and necrosis occurring in the tissue. The special design of the mill
tools enables the tissue particles extracted during the milling process to be
collected without using a suction machine. Said particles are in optimal
10 biological condition for use in autografting due to the fact that neither
overheating nor irrigation occur during the milling process.